

## 1. Identification

<b>Product identifier</b>	<b>Deicing Agent</b>
<b>Other means of identification</b>	
<b>Synonyms</b>	Calcium Sand, Calcium Sand M1000
<b>Recommended use</b>	Construction and roads.
<b>Recommended restrictions</b>	Workers (and your customers or users in the case of resale) should be informed of the potential presence of respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica as well as their potential hazards. Appropriate training in the proper use and handling of this material should be provided as required under applicable regulations. DO NOT use this product for abrasive blasting. Uses other than the recommended use.

### Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

<b>Company Name</b>	Amrize Inc.
<b>Address</b>	8700 W Bryn Mawr Ave, Suite 300 Chicago, IL 60631
<b>Telephone</b>	(773) 372-1000
<b>Website</b>	www.amrize.com
<b>E-mail</b>	sdsinfo@amrize.com
<b>Emergency Telephone Number</b>	CHEMTREC within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 CHEMTREC outside USA and Canada: +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Not classified.	
Health hazards	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Carcinogenicity (inhalation)	Category 1A
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure (inhalation)	Category 2 (Lungs)
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	
Label elements		



<b>Signal word</b>	Danger
<b>Hazard statement</b>	Causes serious eye irritation. May cause cancer by inhalation. May cause damage to organs (Lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.
<b>Precautionary statement</b>	
<b>Prevention</b>	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
<b>Response</b>	If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
<b>Storage</b>	Store locked up.
<b>Disposal</b>	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
<b>Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)</b>	None known.
<b>Supplemental information</b>	None.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Quartz	14808-60-7	80 - 99
Calcium chloride	10043-52-4	10 - 15
Magnesium chloride	7786-30-3	1 - 5

**Composition comments** All concentrations are in percent by weight. Components not listed are either non-hazardous or are below reportable limits. Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

### 4. First-aid measures

<b>Inhalation</b>	Move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
<b>Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed</b>	Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Coughing. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
<b>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed</b>	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
<b>General information</b>	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ).
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. Combustion products may include: Calcium oxides. Chlorides. Magnesium oxides. Potassium oxides. Silicon oxides. Sodium oxides.
<b>Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters</b>	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
<b>Fire fighting equipment/instructions</b>	Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
<b>Specific methods</b>	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
<b>General fire hazards</b>	No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

### 6. Accidental release measures

<b>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures</b>	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe dust. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
<b>Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up</b>	<p>The product is immiscible with water and will sediment in water systems.</p> <p>Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Following product recovery, flush area with water.</p> <p>Small Spills: Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.</p> <p>Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. The product is insoluble in water.</p>
<b>Environmental precautions</b>	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

## 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep formation of airborne dusts to a minimum. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Do not breathe dust. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Store in tightly closed container. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Occupational exposure limits

#### US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Components	Type	Value
Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3

#### US. OSHA Table Z-3 Permissible Exposure Limits (PEL) for Mineral Dusts (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Respirable.
		2.4 mppcf	Respirable.

#### US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.

#### NIOSH. Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH) Values, as amended

Components	Type	Value
Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	IDLH	50 mg/m3

#### US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value	Form
Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	Respirable dust.

### Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

### Exposure guidelines

Occupational exposure to nuisance dust (total and respirable) and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.

### Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

#### Eye/face protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

#### Skin protection

##### Hand protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

#### Skin protection

##### Other

Wear suitable protective clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

#### Respiratory protection

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. In the United States of America, if respirators are used, a program should be instituted to assure compliance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134.

#### Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

### General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

Physical state	Solid.
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<b>Form</b>	Crystalline powder.
<b>Color</b>	White to gray. Brown.
<b>Odor</b>	Odorless.
<b>Odor threshold</b>	Not applicable.
<b>pH</b>	7
<b>pH concentration</b>	Property has not been measured.
<b>Melting point/freezing point</b>	Property has not been measured.
<b>Initial boiling point and boiling range</b>	> 1832 °F (> 1000 °C)
<b>Flash point</b>	Not applicable, material is a solid.
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Not applicable, material is a solid.
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	The product is non-combustible.
<b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b>	
<b>Explosive limit - lower (%)</b>	Not applicable, material is a solid.
<b>Explosive limit - upper (%)</b>	Not applicable, material is a solid.
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	Property has not been measured.
<b>Vapor pressure temp.</b>	Property has not been measured.
<b>Vapor density</b>	Not applicable, material is a solid.
<b>Relative density</b>	2.8
<b>Relative density temperature</b>	Property has not been measured.
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	
<b>Solubility (water)</b>	Insoluble
<b>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)</b>	Not applicable for inorganic substances.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	Not applicable, material is a solid.
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	Property has not been measured.
<b>Viscosity</b>	Not applicable, material is a solid.
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Density</b>	Property has not been measured.
<b>Explosive properties</b>	Not explosive.
<b>Kinematic viscosity</b>	Not applicable, material is a solid.
<b>Oxidizing properties</b>	Not oxidizing.

## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	Material is stable under normal conditions.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Contact with incompatible materials.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	Powerful oxidizers. Chlorine. Hydrofluoric acid. Fluorine. Boron trifluoride. Manganese trioxide. Oxygen difluoride.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	No hazardous decomposition products are known. In the event of fire: See Section 5.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

<b>Inhalation</b>	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause cancer by inhalation.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.
<b>Ingestion</b>	May be harmful if swallowed.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Coughing. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

**Information on toxicological effects**

**Acute toxicity** May be harmful if swallowed.

Components	Species	Test Results
Calcium chloride (CAS 10043-52-4)		
<u>Acute</u>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg, 24 Hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	1000 mg/kg
Magnesium chloride (CAS 7786-30-3)		
<u>Acute</u>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	300 - 2000 mg/kg
Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)		
<u>Chronic</u>		
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LOEC	Human	0.0563 mg/m3
<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.	
<b>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.	
<b>Respiratory or skin sensitization</b>		
<b>Respiratory sensitization</b>	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
<b>Skin sensitization</b>	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.	
<b>Germ cell mutagenicity</b>	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However in making the overall evaluation, IARC noted that "carcinogenicity was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied. Carcinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or on external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its polymorphs." (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicates dust and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.) In June 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits) concluded that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is silicosis. "There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis (and, apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore, preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk..." (SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final, June 2003) According to the current state of the art, worker protection against silicosis can be consistently assured by respecting the existing regulatory occupational exposure limits. May cause cancer by inhalation. Occupational exposure to respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.	
<b>IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity</b>		
Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	1 Carcinogenic to humans.	
<b>NTP Report on Carcinogens</b>		
Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	Known To Be Human Carcinogen.	
<b>OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)</b>		
Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	Cancer	
<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.	
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</b>	Not classified.	

<b>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</b>	May cause damage to organs (Lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	Not an aspiration hazard.
<b>Chronic effects</b>	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

## 12. Ecological information

<b>Ecotoxicity</b>	The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.
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Components	Species		Test Results
Calcium chloride (CAS 10043-52-4)			
Aquatic			
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia magna	1062 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Pimephales promelas	4630 mg/l, 96 hours
Chronic			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia magna	610 mg/l, 21 days
Persistence and degradability	The product contains inorganic compounds which are not biodegradable.		
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.		
Mobility in soil	The product is insoluble in water. Not expected to be mobile in soil.		
Other adverse effects	No data available.		

## 13. Disposal considerations

<b>Disposal instructions</b>	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
<b>Local disposal regulations</b>	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
<b>Hazardous waste code</b>	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
<b>Waste from residues / unused products</b>	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner.
<b>Contaminated packaging</b>	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

## 14. Transport information

<b>DOT</b>	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
<b>IATA</b>	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
<b>IMDG</b>	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
<b>Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code</b>	Not applicable.

## 15. Regulatory information

<b>US federal regulations</b>	This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.	
<b>TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)</b>		
Not regulated.		
<b>CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)</b>		
Not listed.		
<b>SARA 304 Emergency release notification</b>		
Not regulated.		
<b>OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)</b>		
Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	Cancer	lung effects

immune system effects  
kidney effects

### Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

All components of the mixture on the TSCA 8(b) inventory are designated "active".

### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

#### SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

#### SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical

Yes

#### Classified hazard categories

Serious eye damage or eye irritation  
Carcinogenicity  
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

#### SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

### Other federal regulations

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

#### Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)

Not regulated.

### US state regulations

#### US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

#### US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

#### US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

#### US. Rhode Island RTK

Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

#### California Proposition 65



**WARNING:** This product can expose you to Quartz, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

#### California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

Listed: October 1, 1988

### International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AICIS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

## 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	19-May-2025
Revision date	-
Version #	01
HMIS® ratings	Health: 2* Flammability: 0 Physical hazard: 0
References	IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity
Disclaimer	Amrize Inc. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.